

# CHAPTER 4 REVIEW

## CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

1. Identify:

(a) Alexander Mackenzie; Alexander Mackenzie was a Scottish explorer that wanted to find a river that led him to the Pacific Ocean

(b) Meriwether Lewis; Meriwether Lewis was a 28 year old and was shy and thoughtful

(c) William Clark; William Clark was a veteran was outgoing and good with men

(d) Sacagawea; Sacagawea was a 17 year old girl; who helped Lewis and Clark and was the wife of one of the explorers and she provided many things

(e) Corps of Discovery; The Corps of Discovery was an expedition

(f) Wolf Calf; Wolf Calf was a thirteen year old who had a raiding party against a neighboring tribe

(g) François Antoine Larocque; François Antoine Larocque worked for the British-owned fur company

(h) David Thompson; David Thompson was an explorer who explored the northwest

(i) John Colter; John Colter was a member of the Lewis and Clark expedition and was one of the best hunters

(j) Louisiana Territory; The Louisiana Territory is a state that was purchased April 30th, 1803 by the united states with more than 800,00 square miles for \$15 million

2. Define: (a) Northwest Passage; North Passage is a water route across North America from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific Ocean that them to the markets of Asia's Far East

(b) indigenous; Indigenous is Native to particular land

(c) confluence; Confluence is when two rivers flow

(d) headwaters; Headwaters is the source of water

(e) capitalism; Capitalism is an economic system in which privately owned businesses carry a trade for profit

(f) sextant; A sextant is a tool that measures the angle between two points

(g) chronometer; A chronometer is a very accurate clock

3. Why did Europeans want to find a way across the North American continent? Europeans wanted to find a way across the north America continent because they were spread out to find furs, gold, and other natural resources.

4. What countries were most interested in exploring the West and why? Europe, England, France, Spain, and Russia because they were interested in the source of fur and many other things.

5. Why was Thomas Jefferson eager to claim new land for the United States? Thomas Jefferson was eager to claim the United States because he wanted to beat the British and wanted to make America an example of democracy.

6. What was the main purpose of the Corps of Discovery's expedition? To find the Northwest passage

7. What was one of the most important contributions made by Sacagawea to the success of the Corps of Discovery's expedition? Her prencens demonstrated to other tribes that the corps was peaceful.

8. Describe the areas in Montana explored by the Corps of Discovery, François Larocque, and David Thompson. They mapped the Missouri River and Yellowstone River. François mapped the southeast part of Montana. Thompson mapped the northern part of Montana.

9. What was the primary information given by early explorers that brought more people to the western lands? They were told about the abundance of fur-bearing animals.

10. Describe some of the navigational instruments used by explorers in the early 1800s. They would use a sextant which is a tool that measures the angle between two points. A chronometer is a very accurate clock you would set to Greenwich Mean Time which is the local time in Greenwich, England at the central meridian of Earth.

## CRITICAL THINKING

1. How was the Corps of Discovery unlike other expeditions into the western lands?

Its purpose was different and more peaceful.

2. Compare (and contrast) the relationship the Lewis and Clark Expedition had with the Indian tribes they encountered and the relationships other explorers had with Indians. What do you think accounts for the similarities and differences? They depended on Native Americans to guide them and relied on their food information and supplies but Americans saw them completely different.

3. Men of the Corps of Discovery had believed the Rocky Mountains to be similar to the Appalachian Mountains of the eastern United States. How do you think they felt when they realized this was a far different kind of mountain range? How do you think it made them feel about the return trip? It probably made them feel upset knowing that the mountain was a tough place and it was much different.

4. The Corps of Discovery stayed close together throughout their westward journey. On the return journey through Montana, however, they separated into three small groups. Why do you think they did this, and was it a wise decision? I think it was a wise decision. I also think they did it to get a better look around Montana.

5. Two of the major obstacles faced by the Corps of Discovery were the Great Falls and the Rockies. Compare and contrast the difficulties each physical landform presented. Which difficulty do you think was the most discouraging to the group? The Great Falls had more water and the Rockies had many rocks and I think it was the Rockies that was the most discouraging to the group.

## PAST TO PRESENT

1. Are there any lands left in the world today that have not been explored by modern people? What might be new frontiers for people today? What are the reasons we would want to explore new places? Yes, there are many places in the world that have not been explored. New frontiers for people today could be discovering more places in space and the ocean. The reason we would want to explore these new places is to learn more about Earth and the life it has.

2. Many white Americans looked forward to “celebrating” the Lewis and Clark Bicentennial in 2006. Many Indian people objected to calling it a celebration. They wanted to call it a commemoration (memorial) instead. What is the difference between a celebration and a commemoration? What different attitudes do the two words imply? What do you think accounts for these differences? A commemoration is a memorial for people to remember the people that have been lost. A celebration is an event where people engage in enjoyable, social activity. Commemoration can make people feel sad. A celebration makes people think happy and they also usually think about having fun and a party.

### **MAKE IT LOCAL**

1. Are there any places near you that early explorers passed through? If so, why were they there and what did they do? If not, why do you think they did not come to your area? Are there any historic sites near your home marking early Euro-American exploration? Are any places named after these explorers in your area? Yeah, Sacagawea passed right through the town that I go to school in! I think she was just passing through. I don't think they did much. There are quite a few places named after her in my area. Here are some of the places: Sacagawea Park, Sacajawea Middle School, and the Sacagawea Hotel.